

# Interesting Facts About Jude

**AUTHOR:** Jude, one of the Lord's brothers.

**TIME WRITTEN:** Probable range: A.D. 66-80

**POSITION IN THE BIBLE:**

- 65th Book in the Bible
- 26th Book in the New Testament
- 21st and last of 21 Epistle Books (Romans - Jude)
- Books to follow it.



**CHAPTERS:** 1

**VERSES:** 25

**WORDS:** 613

**OBSERVATIONS ABOUT JUDE:**

- Jude:
  - Was one of the Lord's brothers.
  - Was called Judas in Matthew 13:55 and Mark 6:3
  - The only other Biblical reference to him is in 1 Corinthians 9:5 where it is stated that "the brothers of the Lord" took their wives along on their missionary journeys.
  - It may be that the Judas of Acts 15:22, 32 may be another reference to him.
  - Judas and James are the only two of the Lord's brothers to write books in the New Testament.
- Jude does not direct his epistle to:
  - A stated circle of readers.
  - A stated geographical region.
- At the beginning of the epistle, Jude focuses on the common salvation that Christians have, and then challenges them to contend for the faith.
- False teachers had crept into the church, turning God's grace into a license to do as they pleased.
- Jude reminds such men of god's past dealings with:
  - Unbelieving Israel.
  - Disobedient angels.

## JUDE

- Wicked Sodom and Gomorrah
- It appears that the purpose of the epistle of Jude was to:
  - Condemn the practices of the ungodly libertines who were infesting and corrupting Christians.
  - To counsel the readers of the letter to:
    - Stand firm.
    - Grow in their faith.
    - Contend for the faith.
- Jude alone refers to the dispute between Michael and the devil about the body of Moses. 9
- Jude's benediction is one of the most beautiful in the Bible.



“Beloved, while I was very diligent to write to you concerning our common salvation, I found it necessary to write to you exhorting you to contend earnestly for the faith which was once for all delivered to the saints.”

Jude 3